

Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/19/2013

#### **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name

SILICONE FROST SPF WHITE 5 GALSILICONE FROST SPF WHITE 5 GAL

Product code

86955 805

COMPANY

: Tremco Incorporated

3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone

Emergency Phone:

: (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use

: Coating

## **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

White. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

## Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation

May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches,

and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eyes

Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness

and discomfort.

Ingestion

May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin

May cause moderate irritation.

## **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Organosilane may cause liver injury with fibrosis after repeated and prolonged overexposure. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure to mineral spirits (petroleum naphtha or stoddard solvent) may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, and adverse liver, kidney, and lung effects.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive

#### SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Aluminum silicates	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5184P	30.0 - 60.0
Silicone polymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5110P	15.0 - 40.0

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Petroleum distillates

64742-47-8 13463-67-7 15.0 - 40.07.0 - 13.0

Titanium dioxide Oximino Silane

22984-54-9

3.0 - 7.0

# **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation

: Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be

performed by trained personnel Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact

Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If

irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

# SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point

105 °F, 41 °C

Method

Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Lower explosion limit

Not available.

Upper explosion limit

Not available.

Autoignition temperature

Not available.

Extinguishing media

If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion

Smoke, fumes.Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form.Nitrogen oxides can form.

products

Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective

Protective equipment for

firefighters

clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water

may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.

Fire and explosion conditions

Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to

sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable

vapors.

## **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

# SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, nonexplosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be

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worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

## SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Hand protection

: Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eye protection

: Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily

available.

Protective measures

: Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.Inspect and replace

equipment at regular intervals.

Engineering measures

: Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed

areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	ACGIH TWA:	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.as total
		hydrocarbon vapor		
		ACGIH TWA:	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.as total
		hydrocarbon vapor		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
	1000		15 mg/m3	Total dust:
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
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## SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: Liquid

Color

: White

Odor

: Aromatic Solvent

pН

: Not available.

Vapour pressure

Vapor density

: Not available. : Heavier than air

Melting point/range

: Not available.

Freezing point

: Not available.

Boiling point/range

: Not available.

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: Negligible

Water solubility
Specific Gravity

: 1.24

% Volatile Weight

: 25 %

## SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY

Substances to avoid

: Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high

temperature sources.

Hazardous polymerization

: Will not occur.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

#### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

# **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

RCRA Class

: D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)

This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

Disposal Method

: Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in

compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

## SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

#### CFR / DOT:

Not Regulated

# TDG:

Not Regulated

#### IMDG:

UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, PG III

#### Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

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# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

Petroleum distillates

64742-47-8

Titanium dioxide

13463-67-7

OSHA Status: Considered

hazardous based on the

: Irritant

following criteria:

OSHA Flammability

Regulatory VOC (less water and : 310 g/l

exempt solvent)

VOC Method 310

: 2 %

U.S. State Regulations:

MASS RTK Components

: Petroleum distillates

Titanium dioxide

64742-47-8

13463-67-7

Penn-RTK Components :

Aluminum silicates

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5184P

Silicone polymer

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5110P

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Oximino Silane

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Components under California Proposition 65:

None known.



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#### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### HMIS Rating:

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	1
PPE	

0 = Minimum

1 = Slight

2 = Moderate

3 = Serious

4 = Severe

#### Further Information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

Prepared by: Rich Mikol

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System