

Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

## SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name

: DECKTITE WDS EQUIP CLEANER 1 GL.DECKTITE WDS EQUIP CLEANER FRECEIVED KODA

1 GL.

Product code

94200 801

COMPANY

: Tremco Incorporated

3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone

Emergency Phone:

: (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use

: Coating

## **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Clear, Liquid, May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

## Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation

May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches,

and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eyes

Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness

and discomfort.

Ingestion

May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin

May cause moderate irritation.

## **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

### **Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapors of isopropyl alcohol can cause eye, skin, or respiratory irritation, headache, dizziness, nausea, in coordination, drowsiness, and loss of consciousness. Prolonged or repeat exposure to liquid can cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin dermatitis. Methanol (methyl alcohol) may cause adverse liver, kidney, lung, spleen and nervous system damage. Ingestion may cause visual disturbances including optic nerve damage and blindness. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive

## SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

An RPM Company

1/6



Version 2.0

Inhalation

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %	
Methanol	67-56-1	40.0 - 70.0	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	40.0 - 70.0	
Fragrance Blend	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5613P	1.0 - 5.0	

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

: Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be

performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical Eve contact

attention immediately.

: Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If Skin contact

irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Ingestion

Center or Physician immediately.

## SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

52 °F, 11 °C Flash point

Tag Closed Cup Method

Lower explosion limit 2.00 %(V) Solvent

12.00 %(V) Solvent Upper explosion limit

Autoignition temperature Not available.

Extinguishing media If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion Smoke, fumes.Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form.Nitrogen

oxides can form. products

Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective Protective equipment for

clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water

may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.

Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Product Fire and explosion conditions

> may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable

vapors.

### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

## SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when

RPM Company 2/6

firefighters



Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, nonexplosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

## SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

: Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Hand protection

: Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eve protection

Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.

Protective measures

: Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use inspect and replace

equipment at regular intervals.

Engineering measures

: Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

## **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	<u>Form</u>	
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH TWA:	200 ppm		
		ACGIH STEL:	250 ppm		
		OSHA PEL:	260 mg/m3		**
evin who is end to the		A Company of		:	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	OSHA PEL:	980 mg/m3		
		ACGIH TWA:	200 ppm		
		ACGIH STEL:	400 ppm		

## SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: Liquid

Color

: Clear

Odor

: Aromatic Solvent

Hq

: Not available.

Vapour pressure

: 96 hPa

Vapor density

: Heavier than air

Melting point/range

: Not available.

RPIT Company 3/6



GL.

Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

Freezing point

: Not available.: Not available.

Boiling point/range
Water solubility

: Negligible

Specific Gravity

: 0.791

% Volatile Weight

: 98 %

## SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY

Substances to avoid

: Oxidizing agents.Strong acids.Strong bases.

Stability

: Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high

temperature sources.

Hazardous polymerization

: Will not occur.

## SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Methanol, CAS-No.: 67-56-1

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

2 g/kg (Monkey) 14.4 g/kg (Rabbit) 5,628 mg/kg (Rat)

7,300 mg/kg (Mouse) 8,000 mg/kg (Dog)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

64,000 mg/l for 4 h  $\,$  ( Rat ) 87.5 mg/l for 6 h  $\,$  ( Rat ) 43.68 mg/l  $\,$ 

for 6 h (Cat) 85.41 mg/l for 4.5 h (Cat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

15,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

2-Propanol, CAS-No.: 67-63-0

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

4,700 - 5,800 mg/kg (Rat) 6,410 mg/kg (Rabbit) 4,797 mg/kg (Dog) 3,600 mg/kg (Mouse) 8,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

5,045 mg/kg (Rat) 4,797 mg/kg (Dog) 3,600 mg/kg (Mouse) 6,410 mg/kg (Rabbit) 8,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) 4,700

- 5,800 mg/kg (Rat) 5,045 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

5,030 - 7,900 mg/kg (Rabbit) 12,800 mg/kg (Rabbit) 5,030

-7,900 mg/kg (Rabbit) 12,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**RCRA Class** 

: D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)

This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

Disposal Method

Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in

compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

An RPITT Company 4/6



GL.

Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

## SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

CFR / DOT:

UN1987, Alcohols, n.o.s. (Isopropyl Alcohol, Methanol), 3, PG II

TDG:

UN1987, ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Isopropyl Alcohol, Methanol), 3, PG II

IMDG:

UN1987, ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Isopropyl Alcohol, Methanol), 3, PG II

Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

## SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

### North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory. This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components

: Methanol

67-56-1

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

Methanol

67-56-1

2-Propanol

67-63-0

OSHA Status: Considered

hazardous based on the

OSHA Flammability

following criteria:

: irritant

: Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and

: 654 g/l

exempt solvent) VOC Method 310

: 49 %

U.S. State Regulations:

67-56-1

MASS RTK Components : Methanol 2-Propanol

67-63-0

Penn RTK Components : Methanol

67-56-1

An RPIT Company 5/6



GL.

Version 2.0

**REVISION DATE: 07/08/2012** 

Print Date 07/17/2012

2-Propanol

67-63-0

NJ RTK Components

: Methanol

2-Propanol

Fragrance Blend

67-56-1

67-63-0

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5613P

Components under California Proposition 65:

None known.

## SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

### **HMIS Rating:**

Health	2
Flammability	3
Reactivity	0
PPE	

0 = Minimum 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious

4 = Severe

#### Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

## Prepared by: Rich Mikol

### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

An RPITI Company

6/6