



SHEETING BOND BLACK 5 GAL SHEETING BOND BLACK 5 GAL

Version 1.1
 REVISION DATE: 08/17/2007

Print Date 04/17/2009

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name : SHEETING BOND BLACK 5 GAL SHEETING BOND BLACK 5 GAL
 Product code : DEV953 805

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated
 3735 Green Road
 Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST
 Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST
 After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

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SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Black. Liquid. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation : May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system.

Eyes : Direct contact may cause moderate irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation. May cause itching, reddening, inflammation. May cause a rash. May cause sensitization.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with asphalt may result in skin sensitivity, such as irritation, rashes, and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other volatiles which are contained in trace amounts in asphalt have been shown to cause cancer or respiratory damage in animals. Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve

SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Asphalt	8052-42-4	15.0 - 40.0
Xylene	1330-20-7	15.0 - 40.0
Hydrocarbon rubber	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5140P	15.0 - 40.0

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Wood rosin	8050-09-7	10.0 - 30.0
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	7.0 - 13.0
Styrene-(ethylene-butylene)-styrene block polymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5027P	5.0 - 10.0
Polybutene	9003-29-6	3.0 - 7.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3.0 - 7.0

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

- Inhalation** : Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
- Eye contact** : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- Flash point** : Not available.
- Method** : Not applicable.
- Lower explosion limit** : Not available.
- Upper explosion limit** : Not available.
- Autoignition temperature** : Not available.
- Extinguishing media** : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Oxides of sulfur can form.
- Protective equipment for firefighters** : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing; including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Fire and explosion conditions** : Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Do not use in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Store under dry warehouse

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conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection equipment

- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.
- Skin and body protection : Prevent contact with shoes and clothing.
- Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace equipment at regular intervals.
- Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	Form
Asphalt	8052-42-4	ACGIH TWA: benzene solubles	0.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.as
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 150 ppm 435 mg/m3	
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL: OSHA PEL: OSHA TWA:	3 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 0.8 mg/m3	Respirable particles. Inhalable particles. Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 125 ppm 435 mg/m3	

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Form : Liquid
- Color : Black
- Odor : Solvent
- pH : Not available.
- Vapour pressure : Not available.

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Vapor density : Heavier than air
 Melting point/range : Not available.
 Freezing point : Not available.
 Boiling point/range : Not available.
 Water solubility : Negligible
 Specific Gravity : 1.0
 % Volatile Weight : 21 %

SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents.
 Stability : Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.
 Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur under normal conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Xylene, CAS-No.: 1330-20-7
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 4,300 mg/kg (Rat) 1,590 mg/kg (Mouse) 6,670 mg/kg (Rat)
 3,523 - 8,600 mg/kg (Rat) 5,627 mg/kg (Mouse)
 Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) 6,350 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 3,907 mg/l for 6 h (Mouse) 8,000
 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)

Amorphous silica, CAS-No.: 7631-86-9
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 22,500 mg/kg (Rat) 22,500 mg/kg (Rat) 15,000 mg/kg (Mouse)
 15,000 mg/kg (Mouse)

Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 5,460 mg/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat)
 Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

TDG / DOT Shipping Description:
 NOT REGULATED

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SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.
 This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components : Xylene 1330-20-7
 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components :

Asphalt 8052-42-4
 Xylene 1330-20-7
 Wood rosin 8050-09-7
 Amorphous silica 7631-86-9
 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant
 hazardous based on the
 following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and
 exempt solvent) : 219 g/l

VOC Method 310 : 21 %

U.S. State Regulations:

MASS RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4
 Xylene 1330-20-7
 Amorphous silica 7631-86-9
 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

Penn RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4
 Xylene 1330-20-7
 Hydrocarbon rubber NJ TSRN# 51721300-5140P
 Wood rosin 8050-09-7
 Amorphous silica 7631-86-9
 Styrene-(ethylene-butylene)-styrene block
 polymer NJ TSRN# 51721300-5027P
 Polybutene 9003-29-6
 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

NJ RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4
 Xylene 1330-20-7
 Hydrocarbon rubber NJ TSRN# 51721300-5140P
 Wood rosin 8050-09-7
 Amorphous silica 7631-86-9

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WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm:

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| 8052-42-4 | Asphalt |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene |

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating :

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	0
PPE	

- 0 = Minimum
- 1 = Slight
- 2 = Moderate
- 3 = Serious
- 4 = Severe

Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

Prepared by: Rich Mikol

Legend

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| ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists | PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit |
| CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act | RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| DOT - Department of Transportation | RTK - Right To Know |
| DSL - Domestic Substance List | SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act |
| EPA - Environmental Protection Agency | STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit |
| HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System | TLV - Threshold Limit Value |
| IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer | TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act |
| MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration | TWA - Time Weighted Average |
| NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List | V - Volume |
| NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health | VOC - Volatile Organic Compound |
| NTP - National Toxicology Program | WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System |
| OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration | |