

Version 1.

Print Date 08/04/2009

**REVISION DATE: 09/02/2008** 

### **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name

TPO LV BONDING ADHESIVE - 5 GALTPO LV BONDING ADHESIVE - 5 GAL

Product code

: TPO410 805

**COMPANY** 

: Tremco Incorporated 3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone

: (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

Emergency Phone:

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use

: Coating

### **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Yellow. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### **Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry**

Inhalation

May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches,

and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eyes

Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness

and discomfort.

Ingestion

May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, and vomiting.

Skin

May cause moderate irritation.

### **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged inhalation or ingestion of large amounts of 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene may cause liver and kidney damage based on laboratory animal studies. Prolonged or repeated overexposure to acetone may cause liver damage, Central Nervous System depression and narcosis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney, and testes damage. Toluene overexposure may cause burns of the skin, respiratory tract damage. May be harmful to the human fetus based on animal tests and limited epidemiology data. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive



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## SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

| Chemical Name                    | CAS-No.                 | Weight %    |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Halogenated Aromatic Hydrocarbon | NJ TSRN# 51721300-5382P | 40.0 - 70.0 |
| Acetone                          | 67-64-1                 | 15.0 - 40.0 |
| Chloroprene Polymer              | NJ TSRN# 51721300-6320P | 15.0 - 40.0 |
| Toluene                          | 108-88-3                | 5.0 - 10.0  |
| Aromatic hydrocarbon resin       | NJ TSRN# 51721300-5274P | 3.0 - 7.0   |
| Ethylbenzene                     | 100-41-4                | - <1.0      |
| Formaldehyde                     | 50-00-0                 | - <0.1      |
| Lead oxide                       | 1317-36-8               | - <0.1      |
| Cadmium oxide                    | 1306-19-0               | - <0.1      |

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation

: Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel.Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact

Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other

disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

### SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point

0.14 °F, -18 °C

Method

Setaflash Closed Cup

Lower explosion limit

Not available.

Upper explosion limit

Not available.

Autoignition temperature

Not available.

Extinguishing media

If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion

Smoke, fumes.Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form.Nitrogen

products

oxides can form.

Protective equipment for

firefighters

Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.

Fire and explosion conditions :

Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively.Product

may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.



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### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, non-explosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

## SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's

directions for respirator use.

Hand protection

Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eye protection

Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily

available.

Protective measures

Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace

equipment at regular intervals.

Engineering measures

Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### **Exposure Limits**

| CAS Number            | Regulation                      | <u>Limit</u>  | <u>Form</u>  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 67-64-1               | ACGIH TWA:                      | 500 ppm   |  |
|                       | ACGIH STEL:                     | 750 ppm   |  |
|                       | OSHA PEL:                       | 2,400 mg/m3   |  |
| 108-88-3              | ACGIH TWA:                      | 20 ppm  |  |
|                       | OSHA TWA:                       | 200 ppm   |  |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | ACGIH TWA:                      | 100 ppm   |  |
|                       | ACGIH STEL:                     | 125 ppm   |  |
|                       | OSHA PEL:                       | 435 mg/m3   |  |
| 1317-36-8             | ACGIH TWA:                      | 0.05 mg/m3  | as Pb  |
|                       | 67-64-1<br>108-88-3<br>100-41-4 | 67-64-1  ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:  108-88-3  ACGIH TWA: OSHA TWA: ACGIH TWA: ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL: | 67-64-1  ACGIH TWA: 500 ppm ACGIH STEL: 750 ppm OSHA PEL: 2,400 mg/m3  108-88-3  ACGIH TWA: 20 ppm OSHA TWA: 200 ppm  100-41-4  ACGIH TWA: 100 ppm ACGIH STEL: 125 ppm OSHA PEL: 435 mg/m3 |



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| CAS Number                                    | Regulation | <u>Limit</u>               | <u>Form</u>                         |
|---|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Chemical NameCAS NumberCadmium oxide1306-19-0 | ACGIH TWA: | 0.002 mg/m3                | Respirable fraction.as              |
|   | ACGIH TWA: | 0.01 mg/m3                 | as Cd                               |
|   |            | 1306-19-0 ACGIH TWA:<br>Cd | 1306-19-0 ACGIH TWA: 0.002 mg/m3 Cd |

### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: Liquid

Color

: Yellow

Odor

: Aromatic Solvent

рΗ

: Not available.

Vapour pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Heavier than air

Melting point/range

: Not available.

Freezing point

: Not available.

Boiling point/range

: Not available.

Water solubility

: Negligible

Specific Gravity

: 1.12

% Volatile Weight

: 81 %

### **SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid

: Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high

temperature sources.

Hazardous polymerization

: Will not occur.

### SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toluene, CAS-No.: 108-88-3

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

2,600 - 7,500 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

26,700 mg/l for 1 h (Rat) 400 mg/l for 24 h (Mouse) 5,320

mg/l for 8 h (Mouse)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

12,124 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

5,460 mg/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) 17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Formaldehyde, CAS-No.: 50-00-0

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

te trai toxicity (LD-50 trai)

800 mg/kg (Rat) 260 mg/kg (Guinea pig) 100 mg/kg (Rat)

42 mg/kg (Mouse)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

0.82 mg/l for 30 min (Rat) 0.48 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 0.414 mg/l

for 4 h (Mouse) 0.4 mg/l for 2 h (Mouse)

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Cadmium oxide, CAS-No.: 1306-19-0

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

72 mg/kg (Rat) 72 mg/kg (Mouse)

### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**RCRA Class** 

: D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)

This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

Disposal Method

Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in

compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

#### **TDG / DOT Shipping Description:**

ADHESIVES, 3, UN1133, PG II

#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:** 

SARA 313 Components

Toluene

108-88-3

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

Acetone

67-64-1

Toluene

108-88-3

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

Lead oxide

1317-36-8

Cadmium oxide

1306-19-0

OSHA Status: Considered

Irritant

hazardous based on the

following criteria:

**OSHA Flammability** 

: Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and

: 250 g/l

exempt solvent)

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VOC Method 310

5 %

U.S. State Regulations:

MASS RTK Components

Acetone

**Toluene** 

Formaldehyde

Cadmium oxide

50-00-0 1306-19-0

67-64-1

108-88-3

Penn RTK Components

Halogenated Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Acetone

Chloroprene Polymer

Toluene

Aromatic hydrocarbon resin

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5382P

67-64-1

NJ TSRN# 51721300-6320P

108-88-3

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5274P

NJ RTK Components

Halogenated Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Acetone

Chloroprene Polymer

Toluene

Aromatic hydrocarbon resin

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5382P

67-64-1

NJ TSRN# 51721300-6320P

108-88-3

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5274P

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm:

108-88-3

Toluene

100-41-4

Ethylbenzene

### SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

### **HMIS Rating:**

| Health       | 2 | 0 = Minimum  |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| Flammability | 3 | 1 = Slight   |
| Reactivity   | 0 | 2 = Moderate |
| PPE          |   | 3 = Serious  |
|              |   | 4 = Severe   |

#### Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

#### Prepared by: Rich Mikol

### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

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NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

